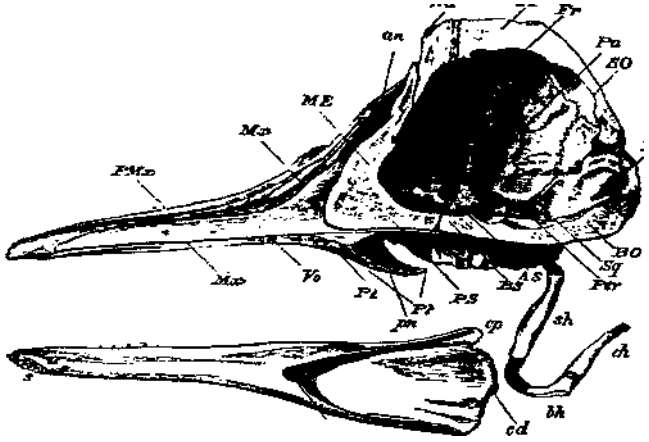
developed supra-occipital in **the** adult. Here again the Zeuglo-**donts are more** typically **Mammalian,** for In them the **parietals** **have a normal** development; and **situation,** rising even into a **median** crest as in **so many** quadrupeds. The bones related to the organ **of hearing, the** tjinpanlcs and petrous bones, are very solid and dense in structure. **Moreover they are but**



a,

FIG. 185.' — A section of a skull of a yoting Oaa*ing Whale *(&l$Mf<epna! i&s* ***melaa).*** *x* $•. a, Angle ; a», anterior uares ; *AS,* allaphenoid ; **&%, basihyal ;** *JBO,* basioccipital ; ***JBS,*** **basisphenoid** ; *cd,* eoadyle ; cp, coronoid process ; ***JExO,*** exocclpital ; JV, frontal ; «/, inferior dental canal ; ***2JP,*** interparletal ; *MJ5** ossified portion of the **me«eth-moid** ; ***Sfz,*** maxilla ; TVo, nasal ; /*«» parietal ; *Per,* periotlc ; *PL,* palatine ; *PMx** premaxilla ; _p«, posterior iiares ; *P£t* presptenoid j P/, pterygoid ; 4, syaipfeysis of mandible **; *oh,*** **stylohyal** ; *SO,* supra-occipital ; *Sq,* squamosal ; *th9* tliyroliyal j *Vo*t vomer. (From Flower's

loosely attached to **surrounding** bones, and are thus easily and frequently lost. Nearly the only **mammals** which reseioble the **Whales** in the fact that the pterygoids sometimes meet in the middle line below are the Edentata (Anteater and Armadillo, see p. 16*7). But in both groups this peculiarity is not universal

The vertebral column is remarkable **for the** fact that more or fewer of the cervical vertebrae may be fused together into a short and compact mass. This is seen at Its maximum in the *j&oloena* and *Meolxxla^na^* The odontoid process of th»